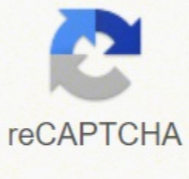




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Emotional intelligence essay pdf printable worksheets free printable

	Definition	Hallmarks
Self-Awareness	The ability to recognize and understand your moods, emotions, and drives, as well as their effects on others	Self-confidence Realistic self-assessment Self-deprecating sense of humor
Self-Regulation	The ability to control or redirect impulses and moods The propensity to suspend judgment and think before acting	Trustworthiness and integrity Comfort with ambiguity Openness to change
Motivation	A passion to work for reasons that go beyond money or status A propensity to pursue goals with energy and persistence	Strong drive to achieve Optimism, even in the face of failure Organizational commitment
Empathy	The ability to understand the emotional message of other people Skill in treating people according to their emotional reactions	Expertise in building and retaining talent Cross-cultural sensitivity Service to clients and customers
Social Skill	Proficiency in managing relationships and building networks An ability to find common ground and build rapport	Effectiveness in leading change Persuasiveness Expertise in building and leading teams

Name _____

Rate _____

PERSONAL NARRATIVE PLANNING SHEET



Story Title:

Problem / Message:

Setting:

Character:

I will always remember

Beginning:

Middle:

End:

Jennings, P.A., & M.T. Greenberg. If she feels frustrated or overwhelmed when she arrives at school, she takes a deep breath and makes a plan for managing her emotions so that she can fully engage with her students and coteachers. Even for those unpleasant feelings, we can learn to employ strategies that use the information we receive from our feelings to respond to them in ways we feel good about. While the full RULER approach provides a range of tools and instructional strategies, in this article we focus on the mood meter, which is a color-coded tool that provides a shared language for becoming aware of emotions and their impact on teaching and learning. For example, using book characters, educators can help children understand what a feeling looks like (recognizing and labeling), different things that cause feelings in themselves and others (understanding), and appropriate ways to show their feelings at school as well as how to shift or maintain that feeling (expressing and regulating). I didn't want to pet him at first, but then I touched his tail. Our feelings usually fall somewhere between these values. Children with higher emotional intelligence are better able to pay attention, are more engaged in school, have more positive relationships, and are more empathic (Raver, Garner, & Smith-Donald 2007; Eggum et al. Encouraging children to place their name or picture on the corresponding mood-meter color can help children think about how they are feeling, why, and how to appropriately express and regulate their feelings. Probably not. There are exceptions, however. Regulate: What can I do to maintain my feeling (if I want to continue feeling this way) or shift my feeling (if I do not want to continue feeling this way)? Having short-term strategies to manage emotions in the moment as well as long-term strategies to manage emotions over time is a critical part of effective regulation. 2008). Good? Mayer, J.D., & P. Throughout the day, children use a classroom mood meter to acknowledge their feelings. Integrate mood meter check-ins into classroom routines (e.g., when children arrive and during group time). By taking these simple steps, we can boost children's emotional intelligence, helping them positively engage in school and in life. Our neighbor said that barking was just Jack's way of saying hello. After that, I didn't feel so afraid of him anymore. Here is an example of an appropriate personal story to relate: I remember a time when I was your age and I felt scared. Most educators respond with emotions like happy, secure, safe, peaceful, and curious—pleasant feelings that are conducive to learning (Reschly et al. Educators can also use this information to identify when a classroom activity needs to be modified to better engage students. Express: How did the character act when he/she was feeling _____? What else can you do when you are feeling _____? Salovey. Identifying the things (e.g., people, thoughts, and events) that lead to uncomfortable feelings can help us both manage and anticipate them in order to prepare an effective response. We provide examples of each in the following sections. (For a math extension, the teacher can also measure the resting and dancing heart rates of a few children, then create a chart with the class.) Use pretend play to help children practice appropriately expressing red and blue emotions. For example, feeling extremely excited (high in the yellow) can make it challenging to concentrate on a quiet task. Invite children to practice feeling yellow (pleasant and higher energy) by dancing to fast music. One way to do this is by regularly checking in on the mood meter throughout the day. Whenever I walked by their house, the dog would bark. Encouraging children to place their name or picture on the corresponding mood-meter color can help children think about how they are feeling, why, and how to appropriately express and regulate their feelings. "Transforming Students' Lives With Social and Emotional Learning." In International Handbook of Emotions in Education, eds. Children can then practice empathy by supporting one another. Regulate: What did the character do when he/she felt _____? 2009. 2011). "The Roles of Emotion Regulation and Emotion Knowledge for Children's Academic Readiness: Are the Links Causal?" In School Readiness and the Transition to Kindergarten, eds. Eggum, N.D., N. Salovey & D.J. Slutsky, 3-31. For example, words like nervous or brave fit well with a theme focused on visiting the doctor's office. There are also occasions when unpleasant feelings can be helpful. Emotional intelligence is related to many important outcomes for children and adults. 2012. The mood meter is a concrete tool that can shift conversations about feelings from rote responses like good to more nuanced responses like curious, excited, or worried. Accurately labeling and discussing feelings helps adults and children acknowledge the role that emotions play throughout the day. Talking to someone is one thing you can do when you feel scared. "What Is Emotional Intelligence?" In Emotional Development and Emotional Intelligence: Educational Implications, eds. After they've been dancing long enough for their heart rates to quicken, have children place their hands on their chests to feel their hearts beating, and talk about heartbeats as one way we can feel the energy in our bodies. Let them know how you use the mood meter at school, and offer strategies that help them talk with their children—and each other—about emotions at home. My eyes would get wide like this, I could feel my shoulders tensing up like this, and then I would run past their house as fast as I could. Antaramian. Use the questions in the table "Sample Read-Aloud Questions" to help children explore feelings during shared reading and guide conversations with children throughout the day. Integrating emotional intelligence into classroom management practices Educators can use their own emotional intelligence to acknowledge the feelings children experience throughout the day and to inform classroom management. Linnenbrink-Garcia, 368-88. Determining the causes of feelings we want to foster can help us consciously embrace those things for ourselves and others more often. Teachers can use read-alouds to introduce children to new vocabulary for expressing emotions and then relate the feelings in stories to classroom themes. How can a child effectively express anger in your classroom? 2008. Hearing about the emotional experiences of others helps children understand helpful ways to express and regulate emotions. For instance, an activity requiring children to cut a complex shape with scissors may be too challenging, leading children to feel frustrated and require more support. With young children ages 3 to 8, a simplified color-only version of the mood meter works best, in our experience. I do that when I feel frustrated or annoyed. While we do not want to foster unpleasant feelings in young children, we do want to provide them with strategies to both accept and manage these feelings when they occur. References Brackett, M.A., & S.E. Rivers. These skills, which form the acronym RULER, are the heart of an effective approach for modeling emotional intelligence and teaching the emotional intelligence skills children need to be ready to learn (Hagelskamp et al. Is it okay for a child to push another child? Eisenberg, K. Sharing personal stories about emotions Another way teachers can embed emotional intelligence in the classroom routine is by sharing stories about their own feelings. When you feel _____, what do you do? Taking time to recognize feelings, elaborate on their causes, and jointly brainstorm potential strategies to shift or maintain them helps ensure that adults and children use emotions effectively to create a climate supportive of learning. Emotions impact our attention, memory, and learning; our ability to build relationships with others; and our physical and mental health (Salovey & Mayer 1990). Smith-Donald. If students are experiencing separation anxiety (blue) in the mornings, for instance, educators can use role-play at circle time to explore how children can help a friend who is feeling lonely. Baltimore, MD: Brookes. She greets children and families as they walk through the door and asks how they are feeling. "Measuring Emotional Intelligence in Early Adolescence With the MSCEIT-YV: Psychometric Properties and Relationship With Academic Performance and Psychosocial Functioning." Journal of Psychoeducational Assessment 30 (4): 344-66. Kao, T.L., Spinrad, R. Drawing from Mayer and Salovey's (1997) refined theory of emotional intelligence, Brackett and Rivers (2014) identified five skills that can be taught to increase emotional intelligence: Recognizing emotions in oneself and others; Understanding the causes and consequences of emotions; Labeling emotions accurately; Expressing emotions in ways that are appropriate for the time, place, and culture; and Regulating emotions. Pekrun & L. Rivers, S.E., M.A. Brackett, M.R. Reyes, J.D. Mayer, D.R. Caruso, & P. Hagelskamp, C., M.A. Brackett, S.E. Rivers, & P. New York: Basic Books. "Developing Emotional Skills in Early Childhood Settings Using Preschool RULER." The Psychology of Education Review 37 (2): 19-25. Think about how our feelings may affect the interactions we have with others. 2007. The horizontal axis represents pleasantness and ranges from -5 (on the far left) to +5 (on the far right), with -5 being the least pleasant you can imagine feeling (e.g., your job is at risk) and +5 being the most pleasant you can imagine feeling (e.g., you were recognized as Teacher of the Year). There may be feelings that we like to have more often than others, but all feelings are okay. Understand: What happened that made the character feel _____? What happens that makes you feel _____? Extending emotional intelligence throughout the day Educators can help children develop RULER skills by integrating them into a range of activities, including creative arts, music and movement, and more. Developing emotional intelligence enables us to manage emotions effectively and avoid being derailed, for example, by a flash of anger. Educators with a range of regulation strategies to choose from are better able to manage the full range of emotions and to model these strategies for children and families. Label: Where would you put this character on the mood meter? Similarly, adding more materials to a table activity might shift children who are feeling bored (in the blue) to feeling interested (yellow). 2013; Rivers et al. Cultivating a rich vocabulary allows us to pinpoint our emotions accurately, communicate effectively, and identify appropriate regulation strategies. Using the mood meter to practice emotional intelligence Research suggests that an important part of effectively teaching emotional intelligence is modeling the five RULER skills for children (Jennings & Greenberg 2009). Strategies that can effectively regulate emotions include Taking deep breaths Engaging in private self-talk (e.g., "I know I can do this!") Reframing negative interactions (e.g., "She is having a hard day. When first introducing children to the mood meter, we tend to describe each color with one word: red = angry; blue = sad; green = calm; yellow = happy. At -5, you might feel drained of all energy (e.g., you have the flu and can hardly move) while +5 represents feeling the most energy you can imagine having in your body (e.g., you just received a big raise and feel like jumping for joy). I was afraid of my neighbors' dog. 1990. R. Conclusion Along with teaching the RULER skills and embedding the mood meter in classroom practices, educators should take time to discuss with colleagues the most helpful ways for children to express emotions in the classroom, especially unpleasant emotions. Recognize: How am I feeling? Cues from our bodies (e.g., posture, energy level, breathing, and heart rate) can help us identify our levels of pleasantness and energy. 2013). "Engagement as Flourishing: The Contribution of Positive Emotions and Coping to Adolescents' Engagement at School and With Learning." Psychology in the Schools 45 (5): 419-31. Rivers, S.E., S.L. Tominey, E.C. O'Bryon, & M.A. Brackett. Together, the two axes create four colored quadrants (from the top left and counterclockwise) red (unpleasant, higher energy), blue (unpleasant, lower energy), green (pleasant, lower energy), and yellow (pleasant, higher energy). In many different ways, Ms. Mitchell models emotional intelligence and supports its development in her students. What if you ask a group of early childhood educators? If educators describe how the emotion looked and felt, the situation that caused the emotion, and how they expressed and regulated the emotion, they will foster a classroom environment where children feel supported sharing their own emotions. The teacher's personal stories should be discussed (much like a read-aloud), and children should be invited to share their stories about times they felt that emotion and what they did as well. 2011. Raver, C.C., P.W. Garner, & R. Bolnick, C. Explaining to children what we are doing and why, as we express different feelings at school, provides them with models of different strategies to express their own emotions. Forgiveness Fingers Forgiveness Fingers this social emotional learning worksheet, young learners are guided to write words of support—love, apologize, accept, listen, breathe—on a hand to remind them how to forgive others. Kindergarten Social emotional Every morning, Ms. Mitchell thinks about how her feelings will affect her teaching. Of course, the goal of sharing a story isn't merely for children to listen. Label: What word best describes how I am feeling? Although there are more than 2,000 emotion words in the English language, most of us use a very limited number of words to describe how we are feeling (e.g., happy, sad, mad). No wonder she reacted that way." Stepping back and allowing physical distance (e.g., taking a short walk at lunch time) Seeking social support (e.g., talking to a friend and making plans to spend time together) Promoting children's emotional intelligence skills How do you want children to feel when they are in your classroom? The vertical axis, which has the same range, represents the energy we experience in our bodies (e.g., heart rate, breathing). Emotional intelligence is a set of skills associated with monitoring one's own and others' emotions, and the ability to use emotions to guide one's thinking and actions (Salovey & Mayer 1990). Teachers can guide children's responses to pretend scenarios and model appropriate language and emotional expression. 2012). Fine? Developing emotional intelligence enables us to manage emotions effectively and avoid being derailed, for example, by a flash of anger. Sometimes I even had bad dreams about the dog chasing me, so I decided to tell my mom about it. As children learn to use the mood meter, they acquire more feeling words that correspond to each color (and in later grades, they learn how to use the numeric ranges to express their degree of pleasantness and energy). Happy? "The Prosocial Classroom: Teacher Social and Emotional Competence in Relation to Student and Classroom Outcomes." Review of Educational Research 79 (1): 491-525. Express: How can I express appropriately what I am feeling for this time and place? There are many ways to express each of our feelings. Salovey 1997. Children with higher emotional intelligence are better able to pay attention, are more engaged in school, have more positive relationships, and are more empathic. Take time to share the mood meter with families. Their responses might not be that different! Most of us use a limited vocabulary to describe our feelings when answering the question "How are you?" In contrast, schools that value children's and educators' emotions encourage a diversified vocabulary to describe feelings. Using music and movement during group time might shift children who are feeling excited (yellow) to feeling relaxed (green) after they release their energy appropriately. What could you do to help a friend who is feeling _____? Understand: What happened that led me to feel this way? As feelings change throughout the day, think about the possible causes of these feelings. Ms. Mitchell also uses the mood meter to talk with children about her own feelings, how characters in books feel, what happened to cause their feelings, and how characters' emotions change throughout a story. A teacher could say, "I see you are frowning and crossing your arms. Brackett, M.A., S.E. Rivers, & P. 2013. (To learn about the full RULER model, visit the Yale Center for Emotional Intelligence website at Introducing the mood meter If you ask a group of 3-year-old children how they are feeling, what would they say? For example, by recognizing emotion cues in children, educators can help children connect their physical experience of emotions with new vocabulary on the mood meter (e.g., frustrated, annoyed, calm). R.C. Pianta, M.J. Cox, & K.L. Snow, 121-47. When introducing a new feeling word, consider providing children with developmentally appropriate definitions of the word (e.g., "Disappointed means feeling sad because something did not happen the way you wanted it to.") and pairing the new word with related familiar words (e.g., "Disappointed is a blue feeling, like sad."). Is it okay for a child to verbalize "I'm angry?" Probably. How are you feeling? With the mood meter, children learn that there are no good or bad feelings. They also regulate their behaviors better and earn higher grades (Rivers et al. New York: Taylor & Francis. How do you know he/she is feeling that way? Can you show me a _____ face? Sample Read-Aloud Questions Recognize: How is the character feeling? At different times and in different contexts, some forms of expression are more effective than others. "Emotional Intelligence: Implications for Personal, Social, Academic, and Workplace Success." Social and Personality Psychology Compass 5 (1): 88-103. Salovey, P., & J.D. Mayer. Thinking through how characters feel and react helps children better prepare to deal with their own range of emotions and behaviors. What is the name of this feeling? For adults, higher emotional intelligence is linked to better relationships, more positive feelings about work, and, for teachers in particular, lower job-related stress and burnout (Brackett, Rivers, & Salovey 2011). Supporting emotional intelligence through read-alouds Educators can help children expand their knowledge of feelings with carefully selected read-alouds. In addition to modeling, educators can promote emotional intelligence through direct instruction by embedding the mood meter in classroom management practices as well as formal and informal learning activities. For example, mild frustration may help a child persevere to complete a challenging task, and some sadness (which is connected to compassion and sympathy) is necessary to develop empathy. 2014. My mom gave me a big hug, and that helped me feel better. "Improving Classroom Quality With the RULER Approach to Social and Emotional Learning: Proximal and Distal Outcomes." American Journal of Community Psychology 51 (3-4): 530-43. Using the mood meter during read-alouds helps children consider the emotions of storybook characters and practice applying their emotional intelligence. Photocopies of pictures from books can be placed on the mood meter and moved around as their feelings change throughout the story. Having these discussions among educators, as well as engaging parents, is critical to developing a set of school norms on emotions and effectively teaching these norms to children. Here are a few examples: Integrate green feelings (pleasant and lower energy) into creative arts by having children paint calmly and slowly while taking deep breaths and listening to soft music. The RULER acronym can guide educators in their discussions with children about each new feeling word. Hofer, A.S. Kupfer, & W.V. Fabricius. The mood meter has two axes. What happened that caused you to feel that way?" Recognizing and discussing emotions with children lays a foundation for their self-regulation. "Emotion Understanding, Theory of Mind, and Prosocial Orientation: Relations Over Time in Early Childhood." The Journal of Positive Psychology 6 (1): 4-16. "Emotional Intelligence." Imagination, Cognition, and Personality 9 (3): 185-211. P. Reschly, A.L., E.S. Huebner, J.J. Applton, & S. It looks like you might be in the red. Educators can share short (2-3 minute) developmentally appropriate stories during morning meeting, large or small group time, or snacks or meals. She told me she had met the neighbors' dog, and his name was Jack! She said he was very friendly and took me to meet him.

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